CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

A method for forming a dense region of a dielectric layer, comprising:

providing a substrate;

forming a dielectric layer on said substrate;

forming a photoresist layer and defining a predetermined region for ion implantation on said dielectric layer;

forming a dense region in said dielectric layer by using a retrograde implantation process and said photoresist layer as a ion implanted mask; and

removing said photoresist layer.

15

10

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said dielectric layer comprises a low-K dielectric material.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the method for forming said dielectric layer comprises a deposited process.
 - 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein said retrograde implantation process comprises a phosphorous ion.
- 25 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein said retrograde implantation process comprises a boron ion.

20

25

- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein said retrograde implantation process comprises a first energy about between 20 and 100 KeV.
- 7. The method according to claim 1, wherein said retrograde implantation process comprises a second energy about between 350 and 700 KeV.
- 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein said retrograde implantation process comprises a third energy about between 1 and 3 MeV.
 - 9. Amethod for forming a dense region of a dielectric layer, comprising:

providing a substrate;

forming a dielectric layer on said substrate;

forming a photoresist layer and defining a predetermined region for ion implantation on said dielectric layer;

performing a first ion implantation process by said photoresist layer as a ion implanted mask to form an ion implantation region in said dielectric layer;

implanting said ion implantation region in said dielectric layer by a second ion implantation process and said photoresist layer as said ion implanted mask;

implanting said ion implantation region in said dielectric layer by a third ion implantation process and said photoresist layer as said ion implanted mask to form a dense region in said dielectric layer; and

removing said photoresist layer.

25

- 10. The method according to claim 1, wherein said first ion implantation process comprises a first ion having dosage about 10^{12} to 10^{15} .
- 5 11. The method according to claim 10, wherein said first ion comprises a phosphorous ion.
 - 12. The method according to claim 10, wherein said first ion comprises a boron ion.
 - 13. The method according to claim 9, wherein said first ion implantation process comprises a first energy about between 20 and 100 KeV.
- 15 14. The method according to claim 9, wherein said second ion implantation process comprises a second ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁵.
- 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein said second 20 ion comprises a phosphorous ion.
 - 16. The method according to claim 9, wherein said second ion implantation process comprises a second energy about between 350 and 700 KeV.
 - 17. The method according to claim 9, wherein said third ion implantation process comprises a third ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁴.

15

20

25

- 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein said third ion comprises a phosphorous ion.
- 5 19. The method according to claim 9, wherein said third ion implantation process comprises a third energy about between 1 and 3 MeV.
 - 20. A method for patterning a dual damascene, comprising: providing a substrate;

forming a dielectric layer on said substrate;

forming a first photoresist layer and defining a predetermined region for ion implantation on said dielectric layer;

forming a dense region in said dielectric layer by using a retrograde implantation process and said first photoresist layer as a ion implanted mask;

removing said first photoresist layer;

forming a hard mask layer on said dielectric layer;

forming and defining a second photoresist layer on said hard mask layer to form a predetermined etched region;

etching said predetermined etched region by said second photoresist layer as a etched mask to etch through said hard mask layer and said dielectric layer until a partial surface of said substrate is exposed; and

removing said second photoresist layer to form a pattern of said dual damascene.

15

- 21. The method according to claim 20, wherein said dielectric layer comprises a low-K dielectric material.
- 5 22. The method according to claim 20, wherein the method for forming said dielectric layer comprises a deposited process.
 - 23. The method according to claim 20, wherein the method of said retrograde implantation process comprises:

implanting said predetermined region of said dielectric layer by a first ion implantation process with a first energy about between 20 and 100 KeV to form an ion implantation region in said dielectric layer;

implanting said ion implantation region in said dielectric layer by a second ion implantation process with a second energy about between 350 and 700 keV; and

implanting said ion implantation region in said dielectric layer by a third ion implantation process with a third energy about between 1 and 3 MeV to form said dense region in said dielectric layer.

- 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein said first ion implantation process comprises a first ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁵.
- 25. The method according to claim 24, wherein said first ion comprises a boron ion.
 - 26. The method according to claim 24, wherein said first ion comprises a phosphorous ion.

27.	The n	ethod	accord	ing	to claim	ı 23,	wherei	n said	second
ion implantation	n proc	ess co	mprise	s a	second	ion	having	dosage	about
10 ¹² to 10 ¹⁵ .		1							

- 28. The method according to claim 27, wherein said second ion comprises a phosphorous ion.
- 29. The method according to claim 23, wherein said third ion implantation process comprises a third ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁴.
 - 30. The method according to claim 29, wherein said third ion comprises a phosphorous ion.

15

- 31. The method according to claim 20, wherein the etched selectivity between said dense region and said dielectric layer is about 2.
- 32. The method according to claim 20, wherein said pattern comprises a trench.

25

33. The method according to claim 32, wherein said trench is located in said dense region.

34. The method according to claim 20, wherein said pattern comprises a via hole.

10

15

20

25

35. A method for forming a pattern of a dual damascene, comprising:

providing a substrate;

forming a dielectric layer on said substrate;

forming a first photoresist layer and defining a first predetermined region and a second predetermined region for ion implantation on said dielectric layer;

performing a first ion implantation process with a first energy about between 20 and 100 KeV by a first ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁵ and said first photoresist layer as a mask to implant into said first predetermined region and said second predetermined region of said dielectric layer;

performing a second ion implantation process with a second energy about between 350 and 700 KeV by a second ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁵ and said first photoresist layer as said mask to implant into said first predetermined region and said second predetermined region of said dielectric layer;

performing a third ion implantation process with a third energy about between 1 and 3 MeV by, a third ion having dosage about 10¹² to 10¹⁴ and said first photoresist layer as said mask to implant into said first predetermined region and said second predetermined region of said dielectric layer, so as to form a first dense region and a second dense region in said dielectric layer;

removing said first photoresist layer;

forming a hard mask layer on said dielectric layer;

10

15

25

forming and defining a second photoresist layer on said hard mask layer to form a predetermined etched region;

etching said predetermined etched region by said second photoresist layer as a etched mask to etch through said hard mask layer and said dielectric layer until a partial surface of said substrate is exposed; and

removing said second photoresist layer to form said pattern of said dual damascene.

36. The method according to claim 35, wherein said dielectric layer comprises a low-K dielectric material.

37. The method according to claim 35, wherein said first ion comprises a phosphorous ion.

- 38. The method according to claim 35, wherein said first ion comprises a boron ion.
- 39. The method according to claim 35, wherein said second ion comprises a phosphorous ion
 - 40. The method according to claim 35, wherein said third ion comprises a phosphorous ion.
 - 41. The method according to claim 35, wherein the etched selectivity between said dense region and said dielectric layer is about 2.

15

- 42. The method according to claim 35, wherein said predetermined etched region comprises said first dense region.
- 5 43. The method according to claim 35, wherein said predetermined etched region comprises said second dense region.
 - 44. The method according to claim 35, wherein said pattern comprises a trench.
 - 45. The method according to claim 44, wherein the location of said trench comprises said first dense region.
 - 46. The method according to claim 44, wherein the location of said trench comprises said second dense region.
 - 47. The method according to claim 35, wherein said pattern comprises a via hole.
- 20 48. The method according to claim 47, wherein the location of said via hole is between said first dense region and said second dense region.
- 49. A method for forming a pattern in a dual damascene process, comprising:

providing a substrate; forming a dielectric layer on said substrate;

10

forming and defining a first photoresist layer on said dielectric layer;

performing a ion implantation process by said first photoresist layer as a mask to form a dense region in said dielectric layer;

removing said first photoresist layer;

forming and defining a second photoresist layer on said dielectric layer to form a predetermined etched region having said dense region and a part of said dielectric layer;

etching said predetermined etched region by said second photoresist layer as a etched mask, so as to form a trench while said dense region in said predetermined etched region is removed, and form a via hole while said part of said dielectric layer in said predetermined etched region is removed; and

removing said second photoresist layer to form said pattern in said dual damascene process.

50. The method according to claim 49, wherein said ion implantation process comprises a retrograde implantation.

25